



David Fischer and Bram Tullemans

EBU MEDIA CLOUD ORCHESTRATING **OPEN SOURCE** CLOUD INFRASTRUCTURE FOR ENCODING TO DISTRIBUTION



85 active members in 56 countries and 35+ associate members around the world

















































































































Slovenský rozhlas:



















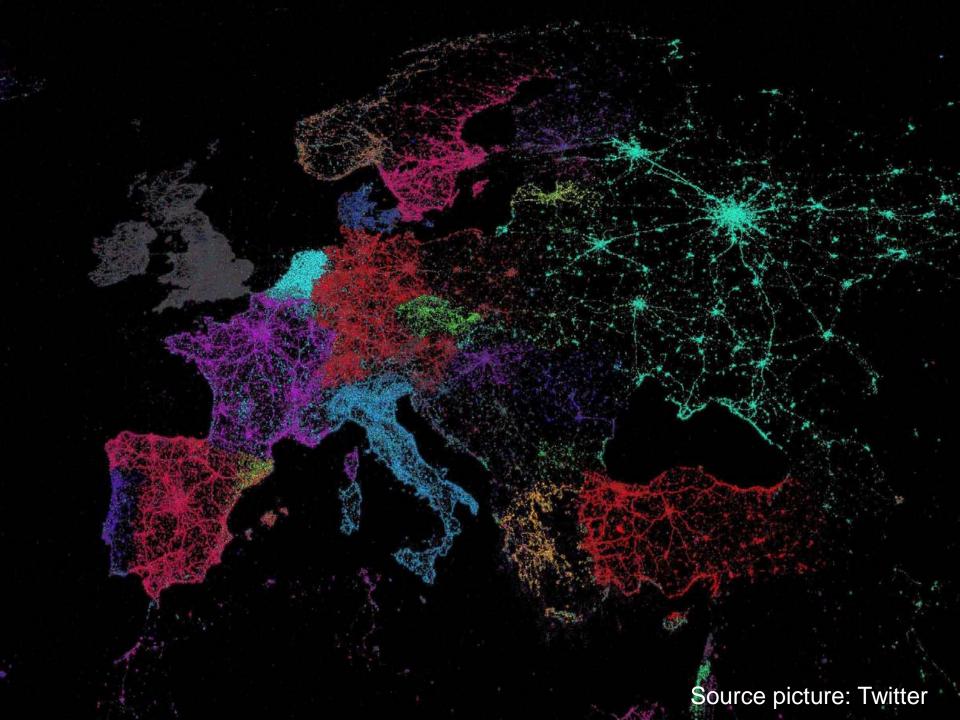




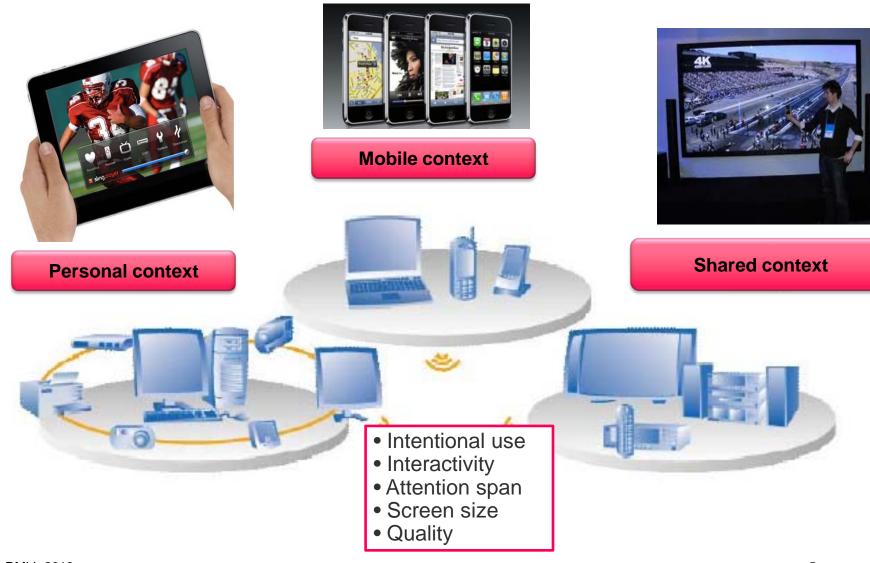








EBU MEDIA DRIVEN BY USER CONTEXT & USAGE



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MERGING LINEAR WITH ON DEMAND

Development of hybrid services allowing users to switch seamlessly between linear and on-demand services adding interactivity and personalisation while keeping universal coverage with high quality content by combining different distribution platforms and choice of access by end user.

Best of both worlds approach: Use broadcast techniques for massive high bitrate distribution of linear content and internet for personalisation, interaction and on-demand.

Hybrid Broadband Broadcast

- HbbTV
- Hybrid Radio, Radio.DNS
- Second Screen Synchronisation
- The cloud / virtualised services



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VIRTUALISATION MOTIVATORS

Production domain

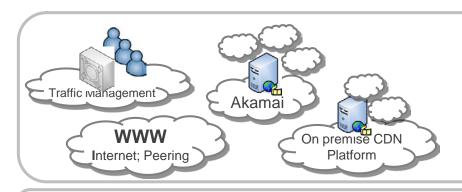
- File based production in decentralised but **networked** environment
- Specific recording and editing choices for **different screen sizes** and publication platforms
- **Communicating workflows**, for example decentralised production facilities

Distribution domain

- Fragmented payout capabilities payout devices and fast changing technology / standards
- To improve user experience all the content needs to be cached / processed deep into the network as close as possible to the end user

7

- Personalisation and interactivity needs
- Fast scaling infrastructures to adapt to sudden changing audience consumption patters
- **Digital fiber backbone** connecting gateways, caches and antennas



Media Delivery:

- Self operated CDN platforms (caching, audio live streaming, HBB TV)
- Peerings / uplinks to swiss internet providers at two internet peering points in Switzerland
- Global loadbalancing / Trafficmanagement (dyn)
- Akamai
- www : 2x 9 Gbps (shared for all purposes of SRG)
- traffic forecast 2013: 29 PB Akamai / 23 PB self operated



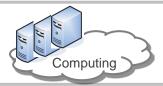
Automation: Common platformservice for all corporate units

- Puppet, Icinga, Graylog, HA-Proxy, Pakiti, shared repos,
- Dedicated application services according the different architecture of the SRG units



Cloud orchestration

- RESTful API; Self service portal (web frontend)
- Usage based billing (on hourly basis)
- Completely seperated environments (test, integration, dev, prod)
- OS agnostic



Computing

- Hypervisor: Vmware
- Servers: Cisco UCS blades (2 sites)
- All connections on 10 GE



Storage (VoD, shared Storage)

- EMC, 5 different tiers
- Block level replicated over 2 sites
- NFS, CIFS



WAN / Core network

- Dark fibre ring around Switzerland
- Mulitple 10 GE
- Connecting all corporate units (offices, encoding stations, datacenters, archives, ...)

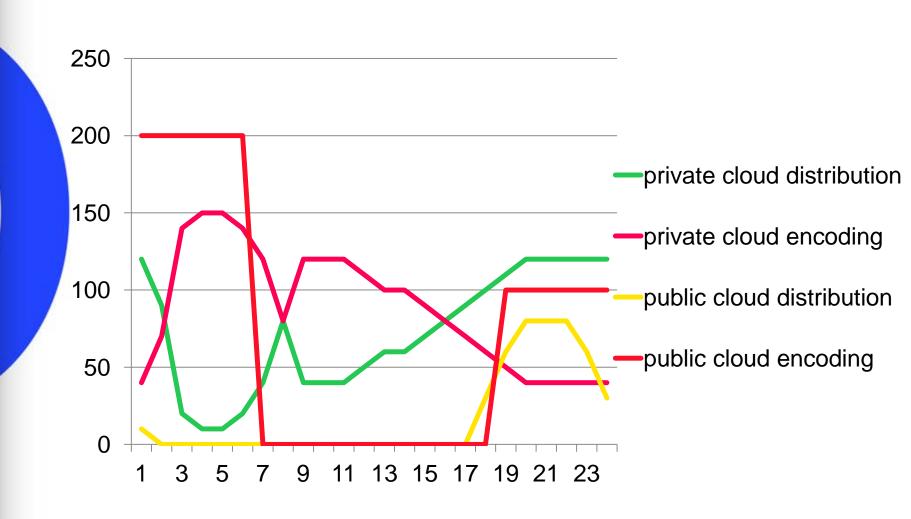






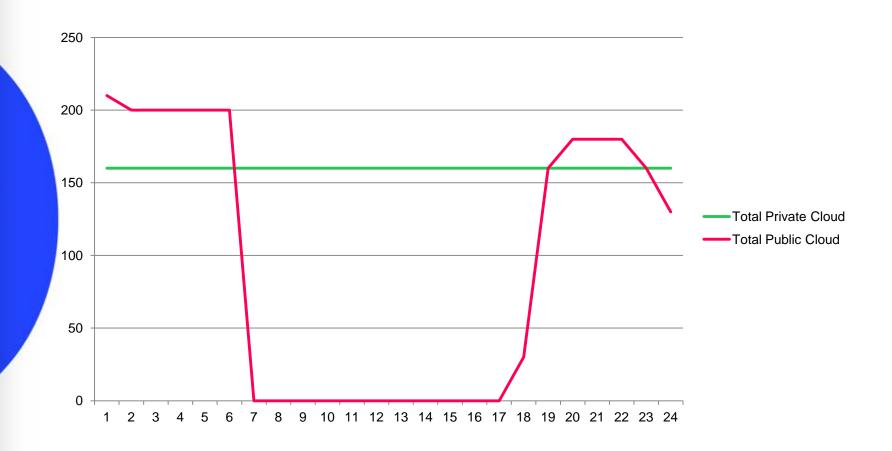


A SPECIFIC HYBRID CLOUD USE CASE





A SPECIFIC HYBRID CLOUD USE CASE



The total constant capacity of the private cloud can be used by different virtualised services during the day. The public cloud is only used for offloading distribution peaks or cost efficient upscaling of transcoding jobs.



CLOUD INFRASTRUCTURE FOR BROADCASTERS

Management layer for hybrid cloud

- Allow professional users to manipulate setting of the storage nodes, virtual encoders and distribution machines
- Management of recourses in private and public cloud
- Real-time monitoring of running processes
- Management layer consists of **Orchestrator** and Web-basd User interface (Web UI)

Virtual services in **private cloud**

- Use of **local machines** that run virtual services
- Scaling on full constant capacity
- Bridge to cloud services to optimise latency and costs

Virtual services in public cloud

- Encoding of **libraries**
- Fast scaling infrastructure for peak offload
- Optimisation of decentralised processes

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OSCIED BASICS

Scalable cloud infrastructure

- Virtualisation of storage, encoding and distribution
- Elasticity: Fast up-/down-scaling in private and public cloud

Manageable services

- Controlled automatic scaling of virtual services in hybrid cloud
- Manage settings and control costs

• All components are open source

- Library of code embedded in functional service
- Fast interchange of knowledge
- Availability of development communities

Modular development

- Use of interchangeable modules
- Decentralised parallel development
- Separate interface layer using control API
- Internally, jobs are messages handled by Celery-RabbitMQ

SOA, also looking at SDN/OpenFlow

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OSCIED DEVELOPMENT CYCLES

Basic code (current / first development cycle)

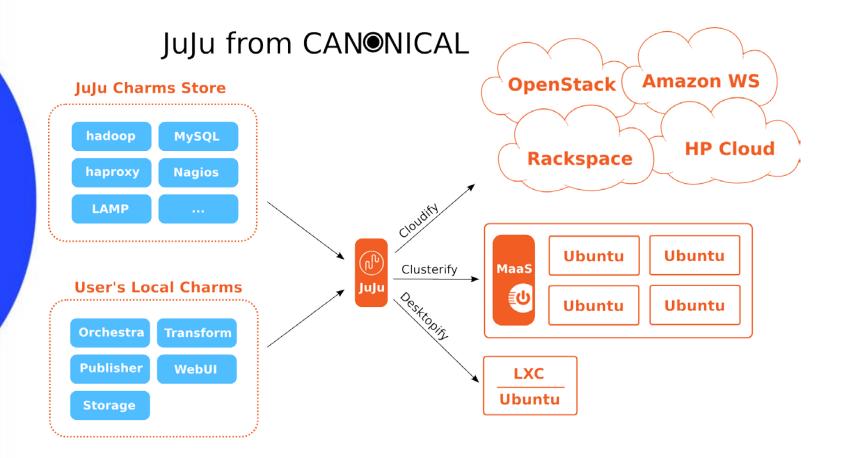
- Scalable transcoding (FFmpeg)
- Flexible HA **storage** (GlusterFS)
- Elastic distribution (Apache + Unified Streaming Mod264).
- Deployment made easy by Canonical's Juju services orchestrator
- Strong **plug-and-play design** of interconnected services (e.g. with reverse proxies, NGINX, databases, ...)

Current developments

- A professional **management** layer for the system as a whole will be at the core of this system.
- •MPEG DASH, both for Live and VOD and play out to different devices (laptop, HbbTV, Tablet and Smartphone both for Android and iOS).
- Optimisation of distribution by adding automated management of data flows
- Automation of broadcast processes
- Migrate Web UI to EBU IO (PHP → Python + templates)



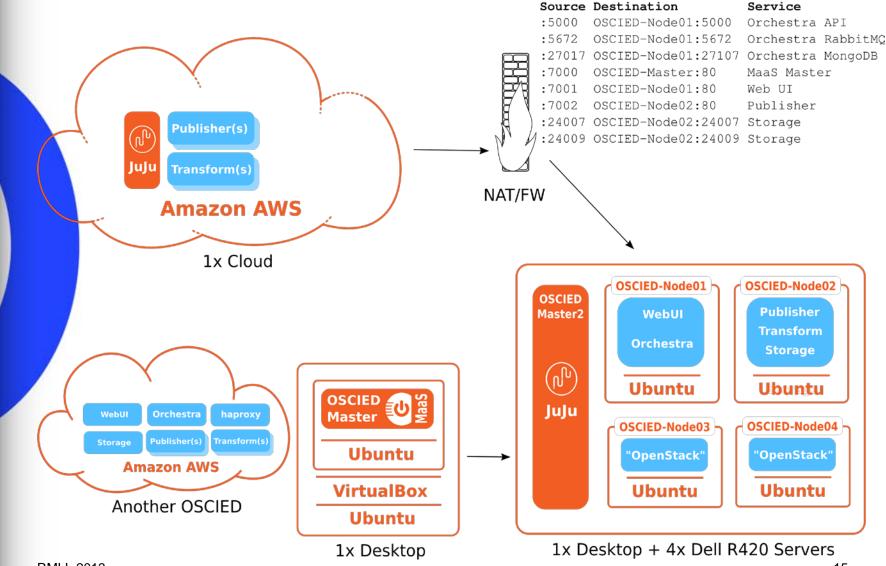
JUJU - DEPLOYMENT TOOL



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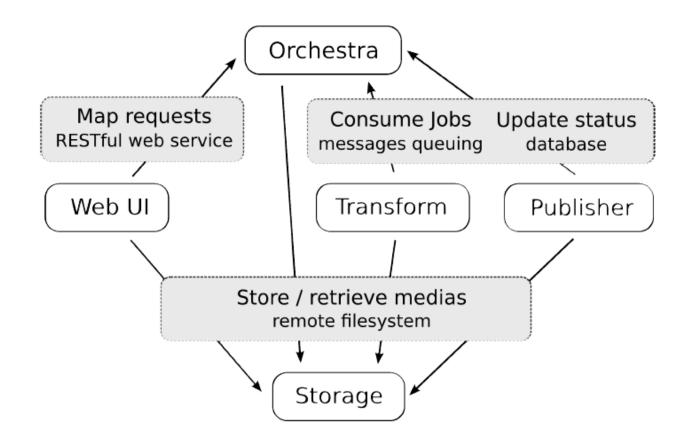
IBC 2013 VERSION OF OSCIED



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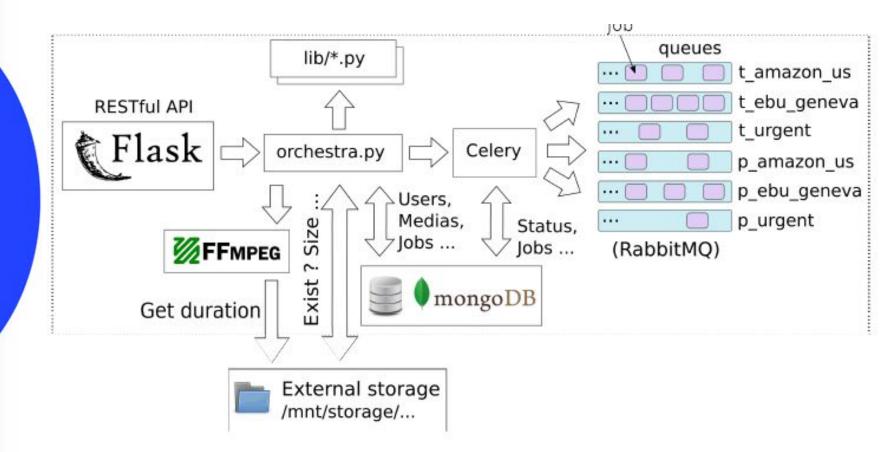


CURRENT COMPONENTS OF OSCIED





ORCHESTRATOR



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ORCHESTRATOR BUILD

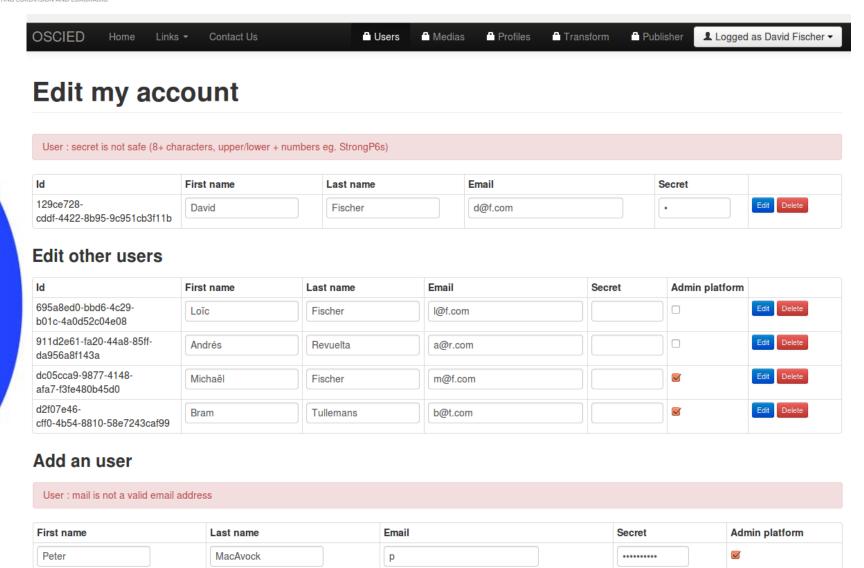
- OSS Tools
- Flask Python Micro Web Framework
- • PyMongo Python module for working with MongoDB
- MongoDB Scalable, High Performance NoSQL Database from 10gen
- RabbitMQ AMQP Message Broker from VMware
- • Celery Distributed Task Queue
- JuJu Cloud Orchestrator from Canonical

Orchestrator manages all actions in OSCIED via:

- the RESTful API, to expose application's functionalities to user
- • the database, to store application's data (users, profiles, jobs, ...)
- the message broker, to communicate with workers (transform & publisher)



ACCOUNT SETTINGS



Add user

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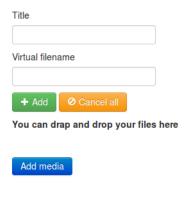
IMPORTED MEDIA

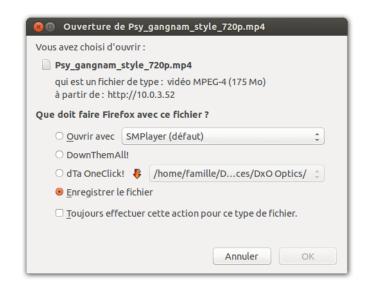


Available medias

Title	Virtual Filename	File size	Duration	Added on	Added by	Status	
Psy - Gangnam Syle 720p	Psy_gangnam_style_720p.mp4	174.8 MB	00:04:12.16	2013-02-02 15:39	David Fischer	PUBLISHED	Delete
Project London MP2	Project_London.mpg	24.4 MB	00:00:01.95	2013-02-02 15:40	David Fischer	READY	Delete
s	s.mp4	0 Bytes		2013-02-02 15:40	David Fischer	DELETED	
Project London - Official Trailer (2009)	Project_London_trailer_2009.mp4	52.3 MB	00:02:44.88	2013-02-02 15:38	David Fischer	PUBLISHED	Delete
Psy - Gangnam Style	Psy_gangnam_style.flv	174.7 MB	00:04:12.16	2013-02-02 15:38	David Fischer	PUBLISHED	Delete
Gaga	gaga.mp2	0 Bytes		2013-02-02 15:46	David Fischer	PENDING	
PSY MP2	PSY.mp2	0 Bytes		2013-02-02 15:47	David Fischer	DELETED	
Project London MP2 Bis	Project_London.mpeg	24.4 MB	00:00:01.95	2013-02-02 15:48	David Fischer	READY	Delete

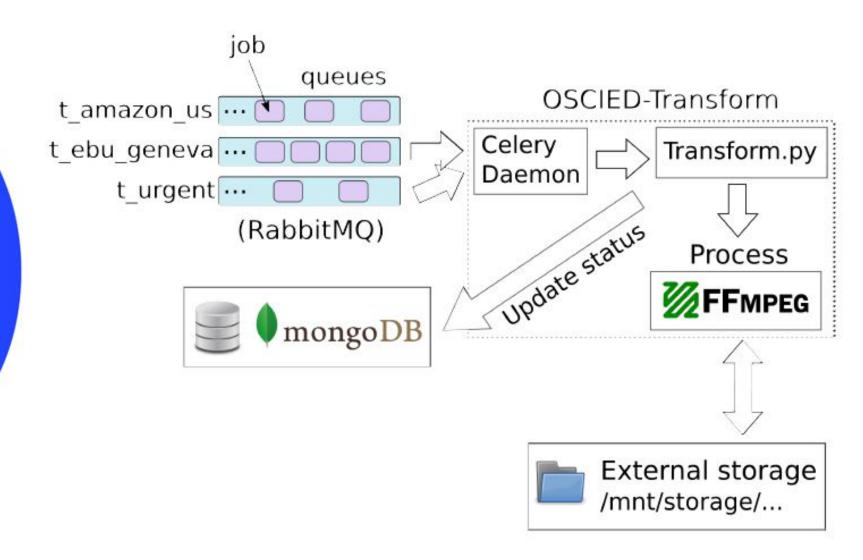
Add a media





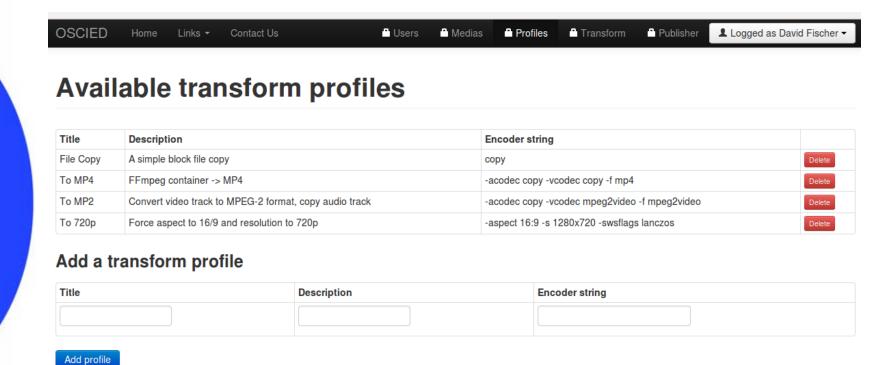


TRANSFORM UNIT





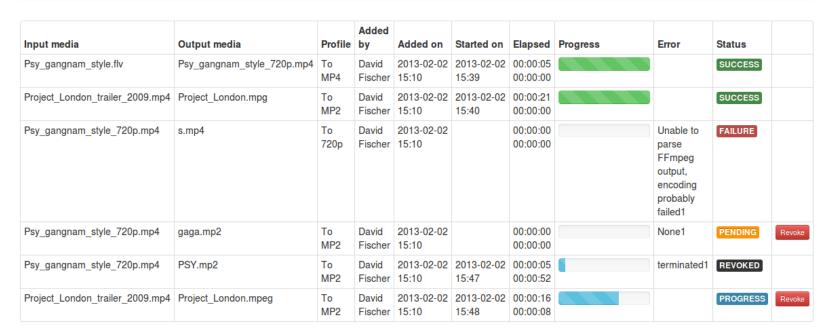
ENCODING SETTINGS





ENCODING QUEUE

Transform jobs



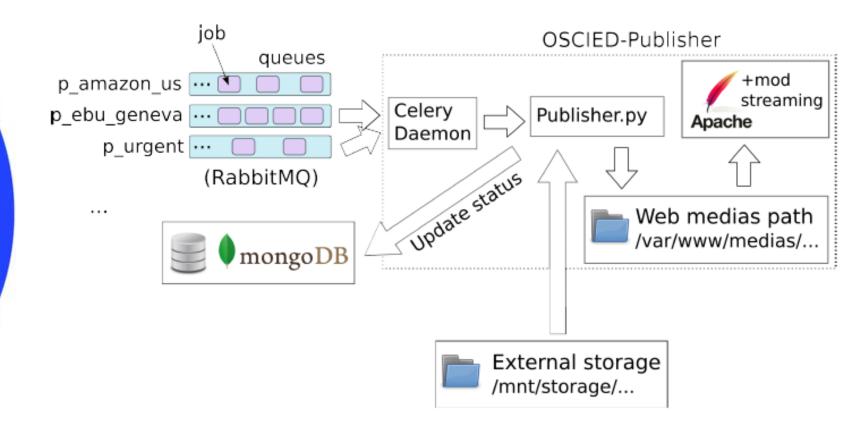
Launch a transform job



Launch job



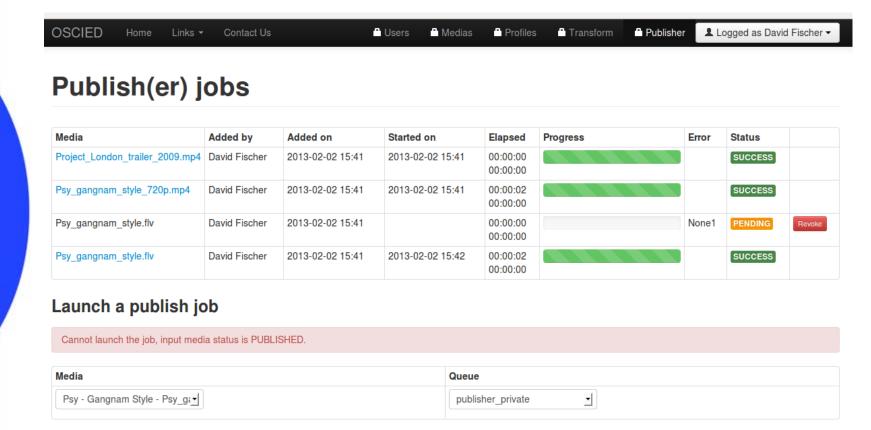
DISTRIBUTION





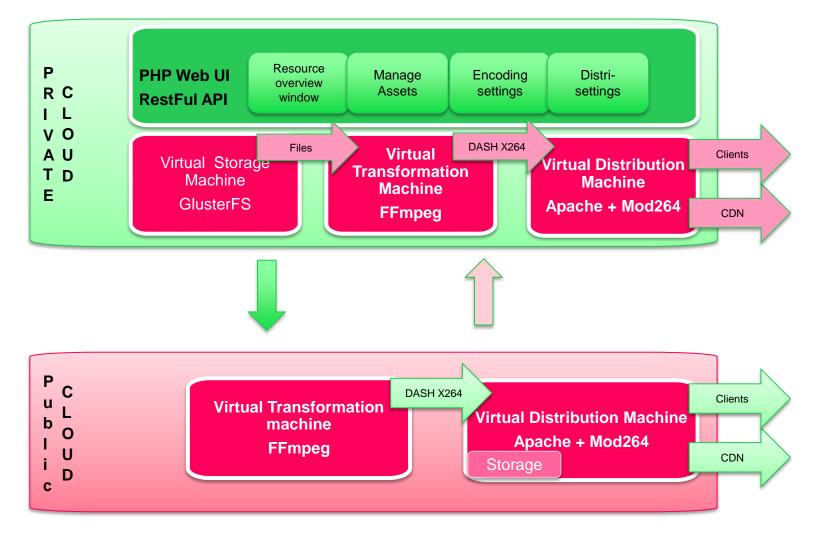
Launch job

DISTRIBUTION WINDOW



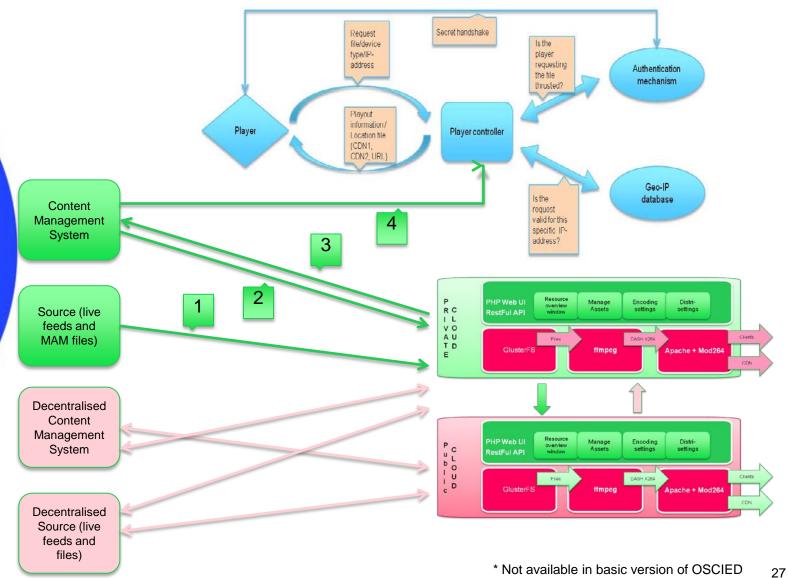


IBC 2013 VERSION OF OSCIED





MEDIA ASSET MANAGEMENT AND OSCIED*





MEDIA ASSET MANAGEMENT AND OSCIED

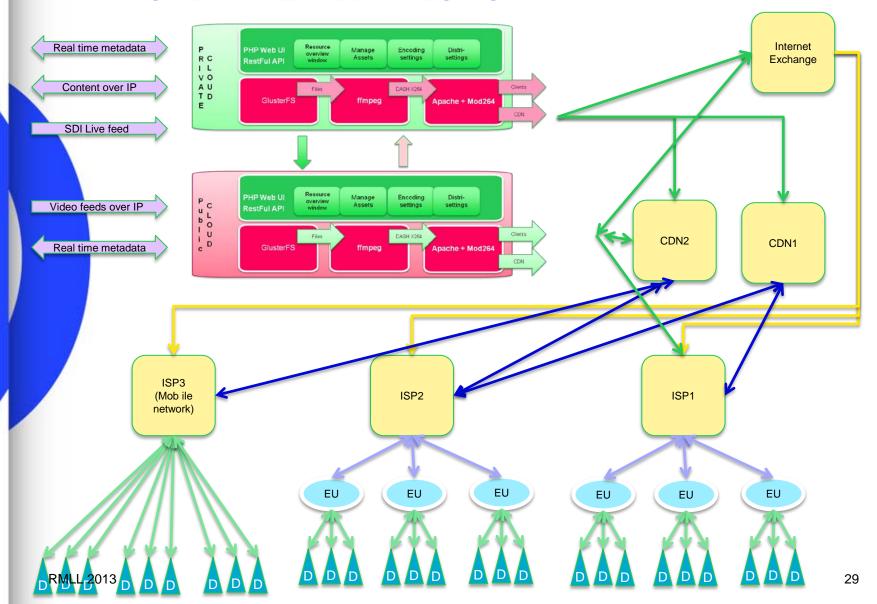
OSCIED needs to be able to interface automatically with MAM backends in order to become useful in a professional environment

- 1. A source file is uploaded to the private cloud of OSCIED
- 2. The CMS sends a notification XML with details of the file that is uploaded (name, location, requested encoding profile and publication details)
- 3. The management layer of OSCIED will send a notification XML to the CMS when the file is available where in the distribution chain
- 4. The CMS will communicate with the Player Controller the locations of the files

It should be possible to ingest content directly in the public cloud of OSCIED, or from a external location to the private cloud.



POTENTIAL MEDIAFLOWS





POTENTIAL FUTURE WORK...

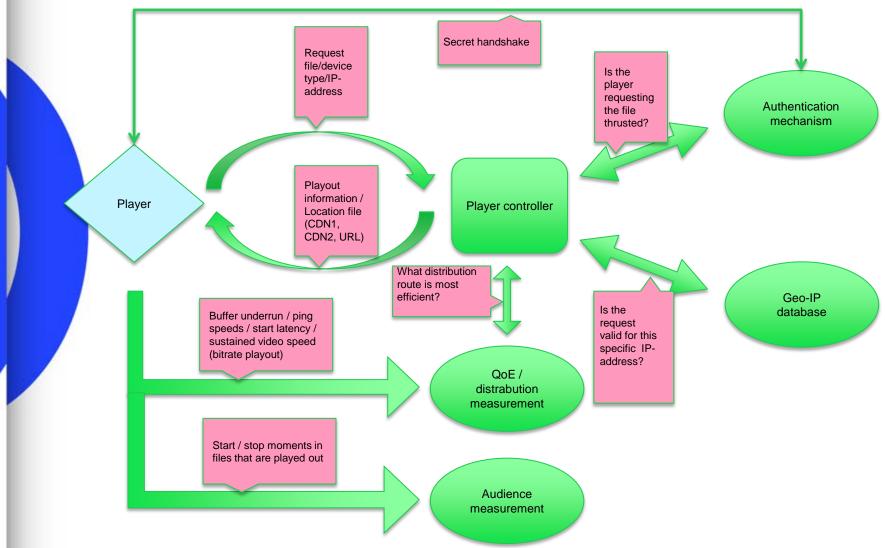
Connect different distribution outlets with automated distribution intelligence to optimise data flows from and to OSCIED

- Distribution overlay: The management environment decides what the optimal data route is to distribute content from private or public OSCIED via IXPs, CDNs, ISPs, End User networks (EU) to specific devices (D).
 - Congestion in network avoided
 - Capabitlity of network is taken into account (for example if it can transcode content for playback on specific devices)
 - Distribution costs are taken into account (cost per GB or GB/s)
- 2. Communication overlay: Dataflows from end user devices (D) are aligned with those of the content provider and processed in the cloud or the network (for example active nodes in the CDN)
 - Synchronisation of media flows
 - Generating interactive interfaces to thin clients / devices with limited playback options
 - Upload of source files of media assets that are processed decentralised (remote editing, postproduction, etc.)

30



PLAYER BACKEND COMMUNICATION





MORE FUTURE INTELLIGENCE IN OSCIED

Player backend functionalities and other feedback loops can be part of OSCIED in the future.

- Player sends information to OSCIED that can be used for end to end monitoring of the IP-network. This information can be used to manage traffic flows, for example avoid a busy CDN at a certain moment.
- Player sends information to OSCIED that can be used for audience measurement.
- Player can request a media file for playback from OSCIED. The Player Controller of OCSIED checks:
 - If the player is authentic
 - If the player is used in an accepted location
 - What the best available location of the file is
- Player receives an XML or MPD with information about either:
 - The location of a still informing that the file cannot be played out in that region
 - The location of the media files that can be played out from the easiest to reach cache



MORE POSSIBLE FUTURES

- Optimise for different public clouds (f.e. full integration with Amazon S3 or Cloudfront) and management a hybrid setup using more (decentralised) gateways.
- Add support of different CDNs and multi-CDN management.
- Add statistic / big data cloud intelligence to monitor:
 - 1. Quality of Service (the distribution network)
 - 2. Quality of Experience (the end user client)
 - 3. Platform specific behaviour (time, attention, content)
- Test platform for cloud deployments, new reference files etc.
- Decentralised production environment use cases.



OSCIED = WORK IN PROGRESS...

Let us hear your thoughts!

Release date EBU OSCIED Github repository: 13 September

Come and see the **OSCIED demo** at IBC (EBU booth hall 11)

For more **information** mail:

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